

ARCADIAN-IOT TRAINING

## **DECENTRALIZED IDENTIFIERS**

Ross Little (EVIDEN - ATOS) 15/09/2023

arcadian-iot.eu



- 1. Introduction to Decentralized Identifiers (DIDs) and their use
- 2. DIDs employed in ARCADIAN-IoT
  - a. DID:WEB
  - b. DID:PEER
  - c. DID:PRIV
- 3. Summary of DIDs used in ARCADIAN-IoT & their Suitability





# 1. INTRODUCTION TO DECENTRALIZED IDENTIFIERS (DIDS) AND THEIR USE





### A new type of globally unique identifier that enables a verifiable decentralized digital identity.

- A DID refers to any subject (e.g., a person, organization, thing)
- DIDs make use of cryptographic key pairs for authentication and verification.
- Public keys are associated with DIDs, allowing for secure and verifiable interactions without relying on a central certificate authority.
- No central registry stores all DIDs and associated data. Public DIDs are often, but not always, stored on a decentralized network or blockchain.
- A DID enables the subject to prove control over their identifier by proving that they are the holder of the private key used for verification.
- A DID supports a variety of use cases, such as self-sovereign identity, verifiable credentials, secure communication, and even data sovereignty.

## **DID AND DID DOCUMENT (DOC) SPECIFICATION**





```
EXAMPLE 1: A simple DID document
```

```
{
    "@context": [
    "https://www.w3.org/ns/did/v1",
    "https://w3id.org/security/suites/ed25519-2020/v1"
]
    "id": "did:example:123456789abcdefghi",
    "authentication": [{
      // used to authenticate as did:...fghi
      "id": "did:example:123456789abcdefghi#keys-1",
      "type": "Ed25519VerificationKey2020",
      "controller": "did:example:123456789abcdefghi",
      "publicKeyMultibase": "zH3C2AVvLMv6gmMNam3uVAjZpfkcJCwDwnZn6z3wXmqPV"
}]
```

https://www.w3.org/TR/did-core/



# 2. DIDS EMPLOYED IN ARCADIAN-IOT



**DID:PEER METHOD** 





Ref: Peer DID Method Specification (identity.foundation)





• A did:peer:0 method is the same as did:key in that the numeric basis is the base58 encoded public signing key and its multibase-encoded multicodec value to identify the signature algorithm used for verifying digital signatures. Example:

did:key:z6MkpTHR8VNsBxYAAWHut2Geadd9jSwuBV8xRoAnwWsdvktH did:peer:<mark>0z</mark>6MkpTHR8VNsBxYAAWHut2Geadd9jSwuBV8xRoAnwWsdvktH

Decode Base58

ed0194966b7c08e405775f8de6cc1c4508f6eb227403e1025b2c8ad2d7477398c5b2

Multicodec hexadecimal value	public key byte length	Description
0xe7	33 bytes	secp256k1-pub - Secp256k1 public key (compressed)
0хес	32 bytes	x25519-pub - Curve25519 public key
Øxed	32 bytes	ed25519-pub - Ed25519 public key
0x1200	33 bytes	p256-pub - P-256 public key (compressed)
0x1201	49 bytes	p384-pub - P-384 public key (compressed)
0x1202	?? bytes	p521-pub - P-521 public key (compressed)
0x1205	?? bytes	rsa-pub - RSA public key. DER-encoded ASN.1 type RSAPublicKey according to IETF RFC 8017 (PKCS #1)

# DID:PEER (NUMALGO 1) – DID DOC SHARED (WITHOUT DID INSIDE)

- A did:peer:1 method creates a locally stored DID doc that contains the public key, used for verification of the DID Doc or any credentials sent by the entity.
- The shared DID Doc does not contain the actual DID value instead just an "id" variable.
- The numeric basis of the DID is the SHA256 hash of the bytes of the DID doc, so that the receiver can verify the DID Doc integrity.
- New key pairs are generated with corresponding DID Docs created for sharing with different parties, so to avoid tracking of persons' across different services.

## **DID:PEER (NUMALGO 1) – DID DOC SHARED WITHOUT DID**



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a-5e9f0f6ffdd1"

dVNW94tJDHtKNdUmBCmKaki

hkrCpPmHo1rPgrrwAFt1SYx

[00]

0

0

<







- DIDs that target a distributed ledger face significant challenges in establishing trust around identities to incentivize mass adoption.
- The DID web method uses a web domain's existing reputation so does not have this challenge.
- Globally unique public identifiers for use by organizations and things.
- Resolves to a well known endpoint hosted by the organization's domain.
- Makes use of existing web standards.
- However, availability of the DID depends on the resilience and security of the domain.



### **DID:WEB METHOD**





Note: DID Doc, may reside on the IoT GW for constrained devices or act as a proxy to the actual IoT Device.

Ref: https://w3c-ccg.github.io/did-method-web/



### 1. Create DID

2. Resolve: did:web:aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu:jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY

#### https://aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu/jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY/did.json

← → C 🏠 🔒 aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu/jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY/did.json

```
@context: [
     "https://www.w3.org/ns/did/v1"
 1,
 id: "did:web:aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu:jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY",
- verificationMethod: [
   - {
         type: "JsonWebKey2020",
         id: "did:web:aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu:jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY#f7aeaf586f924b80bc45350e805d8beb",
         controller: "did:web:aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu:jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY",
        - publicKeyJwk: {
             kty: "EC",
             crv: "secp256k1",
             x: "gC8lVcGFelOmccoTx97eQucGIargWHELOVScfmeNbuQ",
             y: "ZCmrL3X3aJH8XHjYymt0mIPdb9p4qwm8Z12aVHCGdok",
             alg: "ES256K"
 1.
- authentication:
     "did:web:aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu:jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY#f7aeaf586f924b80bc45350e805d8beb"
 ],
- assertionMethod: [
     "did:web:aiot-ssi-backend.preprod.ari-bip.eu:jp3Ysz1zrZFYUmZ69zaW3v4QcwzbURgSymfeuSGAgtWCLFdAY#f7aeaf586f924b80bc45350e805d8beb"
```



- This is a private did method that is only resolvable inside the ecosystem of the organizations that are making use of it, as it resides in a permissioned blockchain.
- We provide a decentralized blockchain network for creating DIDs storing DID Docs for all participating organizations that have access to the network.
- Any participating organization given access to the network can create a did:priv.
- To update/delete a DID Doc, the organization that created the DID is in the blockchain's public state and only that organization will be allowed to do this.
- DID Docs are stored off-chain in Private Data Collections with only the hash stored on-chain to make it more privacy preserving.







#### 1. Create DID

#### ww930+A182805@LAPTOP-40PFAIDD MINGw64 ~

\$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"didDoc": {"@context": "https://www.w3.org/ns/did/v1", "id": "did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg"
, "publicKey": [{"id": "did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg#keys-1", "type": "Ed25519VerificationKey2018", "controller": "did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg#keys-1", "type": "Ed25519VerificationKey2018", "controller": "did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg#keys-1", "type": "Ed25519VerificationKey2018", "controller": "did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjn
xdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg", "publicKeyBase58": "H3C2AVvLMv6gmMNam3uVAjZpfkcJCwDwnZn6z3wXmqPV"}]}}' https://vdrfabric.dev4.ari-bip.eu/store

% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed

100 493 100 96 100 397 328 1360 --:--:-- --:--:-- 1694{"result":"","transactionID":"6906c61bdda8ad3e2118685954b7d7cdc39c26706128005377acaa6f9bfea8c8"}

#### 2. Resolve did:web

```
Ξ
curl -X GET "https://vdrfabric.dev4.ari-bip.eu/g
                                "@context": "https://www.w3.org/ns/did/v1",
      % Received % Xferd
                 Average Speed
                  Dload Upload
                  1473
                        0 --:-
                                                                                                                                         OhnWaoiDaMtJuXvtinxdna1LAH5c8eL
                                "id":"did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg",
                                "publicKey": [ 🖃
                                    { 🖯
                                       "controller": did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdnq1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxq".
                                       "id": "did:priv:jtw5KQhnWaoiDqMtJuXvtjnxdng1LAH5c8eUcifmX6eUnfJxg#keys-1".
                                       "publicKeyBase58": "H3C2AVvLMv6gmMNam3uVAjZpfkcJCwDwnZn6z3wXmqPV",
                                       "type": "Ed25519VerificationKey2018"
```



# 3. SUMMARY OF DIDS USED IN ARCADIAN-IOT & THEIR SUITABILITY





- did:peer is suitable for persons in SSI wallets:
  - Pairwise did:peer is privacy preserving with DIDs created per party that it is being shared with and have no meaning/use outside that relationship.
  - did:peer has no endpoint and its did doc is communicated directly between the different parties with no ledger or verifiable data registry needed.
  - Only integrated with DIDCOMM protocol specified by Decentralized Identity Foundation
- did:web is suitable for organisations that use the reputation of their own domain to fully host and manage their own DIDs for its organization and things.
- did:priv is suitable for organisations and their things where a permissioned ledger is setup to provide for the creation and hosting of did docs. This provides the DLT technology benefits of availability and security.



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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